	Arev model		MFRI - GIRAF				
Model year	2025		2017	2020	2025		
Model mechanics	Stochastic simulation (1000 years) of escapees entering rivers		Average escapees		Stochastic simulation		
Model limits/constraints	a. Max 4% escapees in each river	a. Max 4% escapees in each river b. Max ave 2% escapees for 4 consecutives years					
	b. Max ave 2% escapees for 4 consecutives years						
Model output	Years out of 1000 exceeding set limits in each river for various levels of biomass.		Total maximum allowed biomass				

	Arev model							MFRI - GIRAF			
	Case 1 (conservative)		1		Case 3 (worst case)						
	Westfjords	Eastfjords	Westfjords	Eastfjords	Westfjords	Eastfjords		We	st- and Eastfjo	rds	
Model year	20	25	20	25	2025			2017	2020	2025	
Escape parameters											
Reported escapees per ton of production	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.54		0.8	0.64	0.5	
Multiplier - reported vs. actual escapees	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	4	1	
Production licenses (max production) - MT	64,500	42,000	64,500	42,000	64,500	42,000		71,000	106,500	106,500	
Estimated annual number of escapees	139,320	90,720	139,320	90,720	139,320	90,720		227,200	272,640	53,250	
Skilbrei split estimate											
Ratio of late escapees	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%		50%	50%	33%	
Ratio of early escapees	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%		50%	50%	67%	
Skilbrei - tag/unreported assumptions											
Lost tag	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%					
Unreported catch of escapees	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%					
=> <u>Ratio early escapees</u>	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%					
Ratio late escapees	67%	67%	67%	67%	67%	67%					
Late Escapees											
Ratio of late escapees that were caught (Skilbrei average)	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%					
Risk period - in-season (months of the year)	4/18	4/18	4/12	4/12	4/12	4/12		4/18	4/18		
Reverse homing ratio (ratio of surviving escapees that leave farm site)*								25%	25%		
Ratio of escapees that survive, leave farm site and migrate rivers**	7.5%	7.5%	15%	15%	100%	100%		15%	5%		
Average % of late escapees that migrate to rivers	<u>0.57%</u>	0.57%	1.70%	1.70%	<u>11.3%</u>	<u>11.3%</u>		0.83%	0.28%	0.17%	
Average number of late escapees before catch% adjustment	<u>158</u>	<u>103</u>	<u>474</u>	<u>309</u>	<u>3161</u>	<u>2058</u>		<u>237</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>30</u>	
Ratio of escapees that are caught (Arev estimate) ****	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%	75%					
Ratio of late escapees that are caught								0.4	0.4	0.4	
Ratio of early escapees that are caught								0.5	0.5	0.5	
Average annual numbers of late escapees that enter rivers	<u>211</u>	<u>137</u>	<u>632</u>	412	<u>4214</u>	<u>2,744</u>		592	<u>237</u>	<u>30</u>	
Early escapees											
Ratio of returns of escaped smolts to wild smolts (***)								37%	30%		
Natural returns								5%	5%		
Estimated return of smolts to rivers								<u>1.85%</u>	<u>1.50%</u>	<u>0.17%</u>	
Ratio of early escapees that were caught (Skilbrei average)	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%					
Risk period - in-season (months of the year)	6/12	6/12	6/12	6/12	6/12	6/12		4/18	4/18		
Reverse homing ratio (ratio of surviving escapees that leave farm site)*	25%	25%	100%	100%	100%	100%		25%	25%		
Average % of early escapees that migrate to rivers	0.093%	0.093%	0.37%	0.37%	0.37%	0.37%		0.103%	0.083%		
Average annual early escapees into rivers	<u>139</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>555</u>	<u>361</u>	<u>555</u>	<u>361</u>		<u>234</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>60</u>	
<u>Total average late + early escapees</u>	349	<u>227</u>	<u>1,187</u>	<u>773</u>	<u>4,769</u>	<u>3,105</u>					
<u>Total average escapees in Icelandic rivers (Westfjord + Eastfjord)</u>	5	77	1,9	959	7,8	374		<u>825</u>	<u>464</u>	<u>90</u>	

..... site. 25% means that 75% of escapees that survive will remain at the farming site and 25% will leave farming site.

** "Ratio of escapees that survive, leave farm site and migrate rivers" is a term introduced by MFRI. It represent the proportion of surviving escapees (that have left farm site) that will migrate to rivers. Supposed to reflect effects of mittigation measures such as light controls to lower maturation prior to escape (assuming such measures were absent in Skilbrei study).

*** "Ratio of return of escaped smolts to wild smolts" is a conscept used by MFRI 2017 and 2018 to estimate the number of returning escaped smolts based on estimates of released wild smolts in Icelandic rivers

**** "Ratio of escapees that are caught" is an Arev estimate that takes into account the extra mitigation effort when there are big reported escapes such s snorkling and organized search for escapees.